AUTHORIZATION TO DISCHARGE UNDER THE NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM

In compliance with the provisions of the Federal Clean Water Act as amended, (33 U.S.C. §§1251 et seq.; the "CWA"), and the Massachusetts Clean Waters Act, as amended, (M.G.L. Chap. 21, §§26-53),

United States Coast Guard Light Station Boston 427 Commercial Street Boston, Massachusetts 02109

is authorized to discharge from the facility located at

United States Coast Guard Light Station Little Brewster Island Hull, Massachusetts 02045

to receiving water named

Massachusetts Bay

in accordance with effluent limitations, monitoring requirements and other conditions set forth herein.

This permit shall become effective sixty days from the date of signature.

This permit and the authorization to discharge expire at midnight, five (5) years from the effective date.

This permit consists of 7 pages in Part I including effluent limitations, monitoring requirements, Sludge Guidance, and 35 pages in Part II including General Conditions and Definitions.

Signed this 19th day of September, 2001

/Signature on file/

Linda M. Murphy, Director Office of Ecosystem Protection Environmental Protection Agency Boston, MA Glenn Haas, Acting Assistant Commissioner Bureau of Resource Protection Department of Environmental Protection Commonwealth of Massachusetts Boston, MA NPDES Permit No. MA0090433

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PART I

A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

1. During the period beginning the effective date and lasting through expiration, the permittee is authorized to discharge treated effluent from outfall serial number 001. Such discharge shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below.

| Effluent Characteristic | <u>Units</u> | Discharge Limitation | | | Monitoring Requirement | |
|---|-----------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| | | Average <u>Monthly</u> | Average <u>Weekly</u> | Maximum <u>Daily</u> | Measurement Frequency | Sample Type |
| Flow | GPD | 500 | | Report | Continuous ¹ | Recorder |
| BOD ₅ ² | mg/l lbs/day | 30 0.125 | 45 0.188 | Report Report | 1/Week 1/Week | Grab Grab |
| TSS^2 | mg/l lbs/day | 30 0.125 | 45 0.188 | Report Report | 1/Week 1/Week | Grab Grab |
| pH^3 | | (See Condition I.A.1.b. on Page 3) | | | 1/Week | Grab |
| Dissolved Oxygen ³ | mg/l | minimum 5 | | | 1/Week | Grab |
| Fecal Coliform Bacteria ⁴ (April 1 through October 31) | cfu/100 ml | 88 | | 260 | 1/Week | Grab |
| Total Residual Chlorine ⁴ (April 1 through October 31) | mg/l | | | 1.0 | 1/Day | Grab |

Footnotes:

- 1. For flow, report maximum and minimum daily rates and total flow for each operating date. This is an annual average limit, which shall be reported as a rolling average. The first value will be calculated using the monthly average flow for the first full month ending after the effective date of the permit and the eleven previous monthly average flows. (e.g. If the permit is effective on 9/15/01, the first reported annual average will be taken from the October 2001 DMR and the previous eleven monthly average flows.) Each subsequent month's DMR will report the annual average flow that is calculated from that month and the previous 11 months.
- 2. Sampling required for influent and effluent
- 3. Required for State Certification.
- 4. Fecal coliform and total residual chlorine monitoring will be conducted between April 1st through October 31st only, to reflect seasonal chlorination. This is also a state certification requirement. Fecal coliform discharges shall not exceed a monthly geometric mean of 88 colony forming units per 100 ml, nor shall they exceed 260 colony forming units per 100 ml as a daily maximum.

Part I.A.1. (Continued)

- a. The discharge shall not cause a violation of the water quality standards of the receiving waters.
- b. The pH of the effluent shall not be less than 6.5 nor greater than 8.5 at any time, unless these values are exceeded due to natural causes or as a result of the approved treatment processes.
- c. The discharge shall not cause objectionable discoloration of the receiving waters.
- d. The effluent shall contain neither a visible oil sheen, foam, nor floating solids at any time.
- e. The permittee's treatment facility shall maintain a minimum of 85 percent removal of both total suspended solids and biochemical oxygen demand. The percent removal shall be based on monthly average values.
- f. When the effluent discharged for a period of 90 consecutive days exceeds 80 percent of the designed flow, the permittee shall submit to the permitting authorities a projection of loadings up to the time when the design capacity of the treatment facility will be reached, and a program for maintaining satisfactory treatment levels consistent with approved water quality management plans.

- g. The permittee shall minimize the use of chlorine while maintaining adequate bacterial control.
- 2. The permittee must provide adequate notice to the Director of the following:
 - a. Any substantial change in the volume or character of pollutants being introduced into the treatment facility.
 - b. For purposes of this paragraph, adequate notice shall include information on the quality and quantity of effluent being introduced into the treatment facility or any anticipated impact due to a change in the quality or quantity of effluent to be discharged to the facility.

3. Toxics Control

- a. The permittee shall not discharge any pollutant or combination of pollutants in toxic amounts.
- b. Any toxic components of the effluent shall not result in any demonstrable harm to aquatic life or violate any state or federal water quality standard which has been or may be promulgated. Upon promulgation of any such standard, this permit may be revised or amended in accordance with such standards.
- 4. Numerical Effluent Limitations for Toxicants

EPA or DEP may use the national water quality criteria developed pursuant to Section 304(a)(1) of the Clean Water Act (CWA), state water quality criteria, and any other appropriate information or data, to develop numerical effluent limitations for any pollutants, including but not limited to those pollutants listed in Appendix D of 40 CFR Part 122.

B. UNAUTHORIZED DISCHARGES

The permittee is authorized to discharge only in accordance with the terms and conditions of this permit and only from outfall listed in Part I A.1. of this permit. Discharges of wastewater from any other point sources are not authorized by this permit and shall be reported in accordance with Section D.1.e. (1) of the General Requirements of this permit (Twenty-four hour reporting).

C. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF THE SEWER SYSTEM

Operation and maintenance of the sewer system shall be in compliance with the General Requirements of Part II and the following terms and conditions:

1. Maintenance Staff

The permittee shall provide an adequate staff to carry out the operation, maintenance, repair, and testing functions required to ensure compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit.

2. Alternate Power Source

In order to maintain compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit, the permittee shall continue to provide an alternative power source with which to sufficiently operate its treatment works (as defined at 40 CFR §122.2).

3. Chlorination System Report

Within 12 months of the effective date of the permit, the permittee will submit a report documenting the effectiveness of the chlorination system. The report will specifically address how flow variability and chlorine demand variability affect compliance with the total residual chlorine and fecal coliform limits at all times. Sampling data shall be provided to support conclusions on how hourly and daily flow and chlorine demand variability affects permit compliance. The report will include a description of the chlorination system and the methods for dosage control. The report will identify all changes necessary to ensure compliance with the total residual chlorine and fecal coliform limits at all times, including equipment modifications and upgrades, operational procedures (including calibration procedures and alarm/response procedures), and sampling protocols. The report will include a schedule for implementing all of the necessary changes. An annual report shall be submitted on February 28 of each year summarizing all exceedances of the total residual chlorine and fecal coliform effluent limits during the previous year, the estimated or measured fecal coliform and chlorine discharge levels during the exceedance, and measures taken to fix the problem and to prevent future occurrences.

E. SLUDGE CONDITIONS

- 1. The permittee shall comply with all existing federal and state laws and regulations that apply to sewage sludge use and disposal practices and with the CWA Section 405(d) technical standards.
- 2. The permittee shall comply with the more stringent of either the state or federal (40 CFR part 503), requirements.
- 3. The requirements and technical standards of 40 CFR part 503 apply to facilities which perform one or more of the following use or disposal practices.
 - a. Land application the use of sewage sludge to condition or fertilize the soil
 - b. Surface disposal the placement of sewage sludge in a sludge only landfill

- c. Sewage sludge incineration in a sludge only incinerator
- 4. The 40 CFR part 503 conditions do not apply to facilities which place sludge within a municipal solid waste landfill. These conditions also do not apply to facilities which do not dispose of sewage sludge during the life of the permit but rather treat the sludge (lagoons- reed beds), or are otherwise excluded under 40 CFR 503.6.
- 5. The permittee shall use and comply with the attached compliance guidance document to determine appropriate conditions. Appropriate conditions contain the following elements:
 - General requirements
 - Pollutant limitations
 - Operational Standards (pathogen reduction requirements and vector attraction reduction requirements)
 - Management practices
 - Record keeping
 - Monitoring
 - Reporting

Depending upon the quality of material produced by a facility, all conditions may not apply to the facility.

6. The permittee shall monitor the pollutant concentrations, pathogen reduction and vector attraction reduction at the following frequency. This frequency is based upon the volume of sewage sludge generated at the facility in dry metric tons per year

- 7. The permittee shall sample the sewage sludge using the procedures detailed in 40 CFR 503.8.
- 8. The permittee shall submit an annual report containing the information specified in the guidance. Reports are due annually by February 19. Reports shall be submitted to the address contained in the reporting section of the permit.

F. MONITORING AND REPORTING

1. Reporting

Monitoring results obtained during the previous month shall be summarized for each month and reported on separate Discharge Monitoring Report Form(s) postmarked no later than the 15th day of the month following the effective date of the permit.

Signed and dated originals of these, and all other reports required herein, shall be submitted to the Director and the State at the following addresses:

Environmental Protection Agency Water Technical Unit (SEW) P.O. Box 8127 Boston, Massachusetts 02114

The State Agency is:

Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Bureau of Resource Protection 205A Lowell Street Wilmington, Massachusetts 01887

Signed and dated Discharge Monitoring Report Forms and toxicity test reports required by this permit shall also be submitted to the State at:

Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Division of Watershed Management Surface Water Discharge Permit Program 627 Main Street, 2nd Floor Worcester, Massachusetts 01608

G. STATE PERMIT CONDITIONS

This Discharge Permit is issued jointly by the U. S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) under Federal and State law, respectively. As such, all the terms and conditions of this permit are hereby incorporated into and constitute a discharge permit issued by the Commissioner of the MA DEP pursuant to M.G.L. Chap.21, §43.

Each Agency shall have the independent right to enforce the terms and conditions of this Permit. Any modification, suspension or revocation of this Permit shall be effective only with respect to the Agency taking such action, and shall not affect the validity or status of this Permit as issued by the other Agency, unless and until each Agency has concurred in writing with such modification, suspension or revocation. In the event any portion of this Permit is declared, invalid, illegal or otherwise issued in violation of State law such permit shall remain in full force and effect under Federal law as an NPDES Permit issued by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. In the event this Permit is declared invalid, illegal or otherwise issued in violation of Federal law, this Permit shall remain in full force and effect under State law as a Permit issued by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.